Composition: Electronic Media I Fall 2003 Intro to Max/MSP

- 1. Prepare to launch Max/MSP as follows:
 - a) Bring up faders on the mixer (1,2), since Max uses the **Digi** outputs.
 - b) Assign the faders to the desired buses and output channels.
- 2. Launch Max/MSP as follows:
 - a) Select Apple Menu>Process/Synthesize>Max/MSP
 - b) A Max window like the one below will appear. It is used only for messages.



- 3. Open a new Patcher Window as follows:
 - a) Select File>New Patcher

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b) An untitled window like the one below appears

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Patcher-in-Box (bpatcher)	€ 🕨	47

or locked

- c) Notice that the **Patcher Window** can be unlocked
 d) When the window is unlocked, the patch can be created or edited.
- e) When the window is locked, the patch can be created of ee) When the window is locked, the patch can be played.
- 4. Notice that the unlocked **Patcher Window** displays a series of icons along the top. These icons are the **Object Palette**. Several important objects are:

Object Box. Creates Max or MSP objects. Notice inlets on top and outlets on bottom.

Message Box. Used for Messages like "Start", "Stop", "Open". Notice inlet on top and outlet on bottom.

Comment Box. Used for comments like "Larry's Patcher". Notice no inlet or outlet.

Button. Used to trigger events with Bang messages. Notice outlet on bottom.

Toggle. Used to toggle between states such as "on" and "off". Notice outlet on bottom.

Number Box. Used to generate numbers (integers-whole numbers). Notice inlet on top and outlet on bottom.

Float Number Box. Used to generate decimal point numbers (such as 1.112). Notice inlet on top and outlet on bottom.

- 4. Create a **dac~ object** as follows:
 - a) Drag an Object Box into the Patcher and position it in the lower middle part of the window
 - b) Disregard the Object List window
 - c) Type "dac~" into the **Object Box**, as shown below:
 - dac~ ,
 - d) Notice the following:
 - 1. "dac" stands for digital to analog converter. It converts digital sounds into analog audio sounds.
 - 2. The \sim (tilde) sign indicates that the object is an audio or MSP object.
 - 3. The dac~ object has a left audio inlet and a right audio inlet.
 - 4. You can make the object box longer by grabbing the right side and resizing.
- 5. Create "start" and "stop" Message Boxes as follows:
 - a) Drag a Message Box into the Patcher and type "start".
 - b) Drag another Message Box into the Patcher and type "stop".
 - c) Arrange these boxes to the left and above the dac~ object.

dac'

- d) Patch the **Start** outlet to the **dac**~ left inlet.
- e) Patch the **Stop** outlet to the **dac**~ left inlet.
- f) The **Patcher** should like this:



- g) Notice the following:
 - 1. The dac~ needs to be turned on and off. "Start" and "stop" accomplish this.
 - 2. These patch cords are radial. Segmented patch cords are another option (see the **Options** menu).
 - 3. The patch cords are plain, black lines, which indicate that these are control signals, not audio.
- 6. Create a Signal Multiplier Object as follows:
 - a) Drag an Object Box into the Patcher and position it above the dac~ object.
 - b) Type "*~" into the **Object Box**.
 - c) Patch the Signal Multiplier outlet to the dac~ left and right inlets.
 - d) The **Patcher** should look like this:



- e) Notice the following:
 - 1. The Signal Multiplier will be used to control the volume of the left and right channels of the dac~.
 - 2. The patch cords are dashed, yellow and black lines, which indicate that these are audio signals, not control signals.
- 7. Create a Float Number object as follows:
 - a) Drag a Float Number Box into the Patcher and position it above and to the right of the Signal Multiplier.
 - b) Patch the Float Number left outlet to the Signal Multiplier right inlet.
 - c) The **Patcher** should look like this:



- d) Notice the following:
 - 1. The Float Number Box will be used to supply a decimal number to the Signal Multiplier.
 - 2. This decimal number will function as a volume control for the dac~.

- 8. Create a **cycle**~ object as follows:
 - a) Drag an Object Box into the Patcher and position it above the Signal Multiplier.
 - b) Type "cycle~" into the **Object Box**.
 - c) Patch the cycle~ outlet to the Signal Multiplier left inlet.
 - d) The Patcher should look like this:



- e) Notice the following:
 - 1. The **cycle**~ object is a sine wave.
 - 2. The patch cord is an audio signal.
- 9. Create a Number Box object as follows:
 - a) Drag a Number Box into the Patcher and position it directly above the cycle~ object.
 - b) Patch Number Box left outlet to the cycle~ object left inlet.
 - c) The **Patcher** should look like this:



- d) Notice the following:
 - 1. The Number Box will function as a frequency control.
 - 2. The patch cord is a control signal.
- 10. Play the patch as follows:
 - a) Lock the **Patcher**.
 - b) Press "start".
 - c) Adjust the volume from the **Float Box**.
 - d) Adjust the frequency from the Number Box.
 - e) Press "stop" to stop the sound.
- 11. Save, name, and store the patch, then quit Max/MSP.